

Son Volt - Union

On Son Volt's new record, *Union*, present and past mingle into strong confluence. The thirteen new songs written by founder Jay Farrar confront our turbulent politics and articulate the clarity and comfort music can offer in the tumult. "There are so many forces driving our country apart," observes Farrar. "What can we do to bring our society back together?"

The country and blues sounds explored by Son Volt on its last two records (2013's *Honky Tonk* and 2017's *Notes of Blue*) linger in the grooves of *Union*. But the new record nods to many other mile markers along the band's 25-year path. Some tunes offer a powerful return to the ringing lyrical clarity of 2005's *Okemah and the Melody of Riot* and 2007's *The Search*. Others hearken back to the freewheeling poetic melodicism of 1994's *Trace* and 1997's *Straightaways*.

"Broadsides will be hurled to capture the truth," sings Farrar on the brooding and blues-driven song that takes its name from the one-page bulletins that used to spread both proclamations and ballads. And songs such as "The 99," "While Rome Burns," and "Lady Liberty" push up the acoustic guitar in the mix to underscore the enduring role of troubadours in troubled times. "A lot of these songs are songs of turmoil," says Farrar. "Questioning what's going on."

On *Union*, Farrar taps into folk music's rich lyrical legacy. It's a tradition he has tapped often both in Son Volt and in Uncle Tupelo. "I was raised on folk music," observes Farrar. "Politics is a common thread there. In a time where we see threats to our way of life, and our democracy, from within, you say: What can I do? I put pen to paper and write music."

The chorus of *Union*'s title song was a "mantra" of James Paul 'Pops' Farrar, about whom Farrar has written so affectingly in his memoir, *Falling Cars and Junkyard Dogs*. "He thought the Israeli model was best," says the songwriter. "Everybody serves in one capacity or another, and that was the best way to bring a country together. It did happen here in World War II. People of different spiritual and economic backgrounds brought together. And there was an immense period of prosperity after that – for a myriad of reasons, but the idea that all walks of life were working together is important."

Union grounds its politics in startling images and portraits of the human costs of our divides. Guitar and organ commingle on "While Rome Burns" to underscore a connectedness in the way that "the freeways lead to the gravel roads, to the town squares and the rodeos."

The mournful shuffling "Reality Winner" echoes direct protest songs such as "Hurricane" – Bob Dylan's ode to boxer Rubin Carter, who was wrongly convicted of triple homicide in 1967. Winner is a former intelligence analyst who leaked a National Security Agency document that detailed Russian attempts to hack voting systems to the media. She was convicted of violating the Espionage Act and sentenced to five years and three months in prison.

"We have a reality TV show president," Farrar says, "and we have this woman named Reality Winner, and they're linked in a way. She represents everything that you want in an American, someone who's learned three languages and does her part. She's basically a whistleblower doing hard time. Maybe this song brings more awareness to her plight."

A reinvigorated band chemistry anchors the new record, with new and returning members turning up in the *Union* mix. Longtime members Mark Spencer (piano, organ, acoustic slide, lap steel, backing vocals) and Andrew DuPlantis (bass, backing vocals) have been at the core of Son Volt's recent work. Guitarist Chris

Frame – who toured with Son Volt in the *Okemah* era – rejoined the group for the *Notes of Blue* tour and plays on the new record. DuPlantis recruited fellow Austin musician Mark Patterson to play drums and percussion.

"We spent a lot of time together playing shows behind *Notes of Blue*," says Farrar. "That time playing together coalesced into a sense of purpose." The Son Volt leader's return to playing acoustic guitar – after taking up electric guitar on the band's last record – also had an impact. "I took a step back," says Farrar. The space allowed Frame "to add a lot of guitar elements." The result is "a different flavor and perspective."

Initially, Farrar intended *Union* to be an explicitly political statement. "Midway through," he says, "I realized I needed some balance on the record." The result is a cluster of new songs that reflect on the power of love, time, and music to heal and sustain us. "Holding Your Own" builds to a shimmering and powerful climax of piano and electric guitar as it relays the hopes Farrar identifies in "watching kids grow up and find their place in society."

"Slow Burn" is an ode to hope and resilience's power to shake off darkness. The song's piano chords pave a road out of futility and reminds listeners that "every tunnel reaches the light." Another highlight on the record is "Devil May Care" – an ebullient celebration of the joys of playing music. Farrar strip-mined musical gear catalogues for the poetry in their terminology, reeling off lines like "harmonic fidelity boost high pass filter on a balanced line / Or a cigarette on a headstock, all the same just make it rhyme."

The attitude of bands such as the early-era Replacements was present as he wrote the song. "That is the essence of what a band is," he says. "You remember: Wait a minute: Music is supposed to make you throw your burdens to the wind, so I tried to include that approach as well."

Eight of the thirteen songs on *Union* were recorded at places associated with two figures in American history who Farrar says "made a difference": Renowned American labor activist Mary Harris "Mother" Jones and quintessential American troubadour Woody Guthrie. Three songs were laid down at the Mother Jones Museum in Mount Olive, Illinois, while four others were recorded at the Woody Guthrie Center in Tulsa, Oklahoma.

"I felt doing it in a more challenging environment might inspire us along the way," says Farrar. "Doing mobile recordings was a way to push myself a little bit. It also pushed Jacob Detering, our engineer, who had to assemble a mobile unit and did a great job."

Proximity to Guthrie and his legacy pushed strongly into *Union*'s closing song: "The Symbol." The song's point of origin was Guthrie's 1948 poem "Plane Wreck at Los Gatos," which was later set to music by composer Martin Hoffman and is best-known as "Deportee." Guthrie wrote at a moment when "workers needed to work fields weren't even considered as people," observes Farrar.

In "The Symbol," Farrar paints a compelling portrait of a Mexican man who helped rebuild New Orleans after Katrina and now finds himself buffeted by the wave of anti-immigration rhetoric and vengeful law enforcement.

Farrar says that the key to writing songs on topical issues that stand the test of time is to be a truthful observer. "'Deportee' made such a lasting impression on me," he observes. "But it was written in the 1940s You have to give your own take. Say this is what happened. Even if it seems temporary. Hopefully it's not."

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